



Wärtsilä ELAC UT 2200

Underwater Communication System



The ELAC UT 2200 is a small military standard underwater telephone system for analogue through-water information exchange.

Analogue communication relates to the traditional single-side band (SSB) communication modes like telephony (voice) or telegraphy (Morse coding). In the telegraphy mode, the ELAC UT 2200 works with a limited bandwidth, resulting in an optimal signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) and consequently in achieving a greater range.

14 different operating frequencies in the range from 8.0875 kHz to 45 kHz are available. Up to three operating frequencies, depending on the transducer in use, can be chosen by the customer and will be pre-set by Wärtsilä ELAC Nautik.

An additional pinger mode enables the ELAC UT 2200 to operate as a beacon for signalling purposes or emergency transmission. The ELAC UT 2200 can be powered by 28 V DC ships power supply and is further equipped with a built-in lithium battery-pack allowing communication for several days. The basic application of the ELAC UT 2200 is as an emergency telephone for submarines in distress situations.



Key Features

- Compact underwater telephone for surface ships and submarines
- Emergency telephone for submarines
- Full compatibility with all NATO underwater telephones
- Communication according to STANAG 1074 and 1298
- Sonar beacon operation according to STANAG 1382
- Tested according to military standards

Safety

- Optimal environmental protection by rugged mechanical construction
- Emergency operation without accessories by additional microphone and press-to-talk switch integrated in the housing

Reliability

- Lowest power consumption
- Integrated test system
- Long operating time with internal lithium battery
- Optional uninterruptable power supply (UPS)
- MTBF > 10,000 hours

Specifications and Technical Data

Wärtsilä ELAC UT 2200 at a Glance

| Technical Data | |
|---|---|
| Carrier frequency | Three selectable frequencies for all operation modes; frequencies can be chosen out of 14 possible frequencies between 8.0875 and 42 kHz (including frequencies defined in the STANAG 1074) |
| Modulation | Amplitude modulation (AM) with upper sideband and suppressed carrier (SSB) |
| Operating modes | 300 - 3,000 Hz (audio bandwidth) 800 Hz (audio tone) 150 ms (pulse length) 1 min (repetition time) |
| Telephony Telegraphy Pinger | |
| Built-in test | Functional and battery test (test modes) |
| Receiver data | max. 1 W at 4 Ω > 60 dB (adjustable by gain) Internal loudspeaker, disconnectable headphone; settings: ON/OFF |
| Output power volume Audio outputs range Squelch | |
| Transmitter data | max. 100 W at 35 Ω Switchable: 0 dB; -10 dB; -20 dB |
| Output power | |
| Operating time | Unlimited (at ship's 28 V DC supply) 1 ping/min (pinger operation acc. to STANAG 1298) 450 hours (≥ 14 days) supplied by internal lithium battery |
| Normal operation Emergency mode | |
| Power supply | 28 V DC ship's supply acc. to STANAG 1008 28 V/13 Ah (28 V DC ship's supply and internal lithium battery) |
| Standard version Emergency version | |
| Standard configuration | ELAC SEE 31 TF 18 |
| Operation and display unit Headset (phones, microphone and PTT/key) Omni-directional transducer for LF and HF operation for LF only | |
| Optional attachments | ELAC TSE 7, ELAC TSE 8 ELAC TSE 5 |
| Morse key Microphone | TT I MI 13 |



Mobile version of the ELAC UT 2200 (above), transducer ELAC TSE 7 (middle) and battery pack plus case (below)

| Technical Data | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Environmental conditions | |
| EMC | acc. to BV 0120 / VG 95 373 |
| Non-magnetic design | acc. to VG 95 577 |
| Airborne noise | DIN 45 635 |
| Temp./damp heat | acc. to DEF-STAN 07-55 |
| Shock | acc. to BV 0430 |
| Vibration | acc. to BV 0240 |